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Aims of the workshop:

- public policy intervention, based on your experience 1. to identify and discuss issues underpinning HIA as a
- programs of work to progress HIA as a public policy 2. to incorporate these critically into designing intervention — the 'do's and don't's of HIA for HPP
- 3. to provide some collective wisdom from round the world to inform my PhD on the topic

What is the relationship between HIA and **Overarching PhD question:** (healthy) public policy?

The problem

- and most recently, health in all policies the 1970's - intersectoral action for health, healthy public policy - Public health interest in public policy since the 1800's. Since
- Since the 1990's HIA is one of the main HPP action arms
- government or macro level policy But not much action to date – particularly at central
- For some, HIA has become an end in itself rather than a HPP (or HiAP). Where HIA sits in this is not yet clear. means to an end. Attention for these peopple is shifting back to



The problem extended to research

- descriptive limited research into actual practice The literature is normative ('should' rather than 'did') or
- has yet to be well developed in the literature HIA is a pragmatic and developing approach, so supporting theory

For example

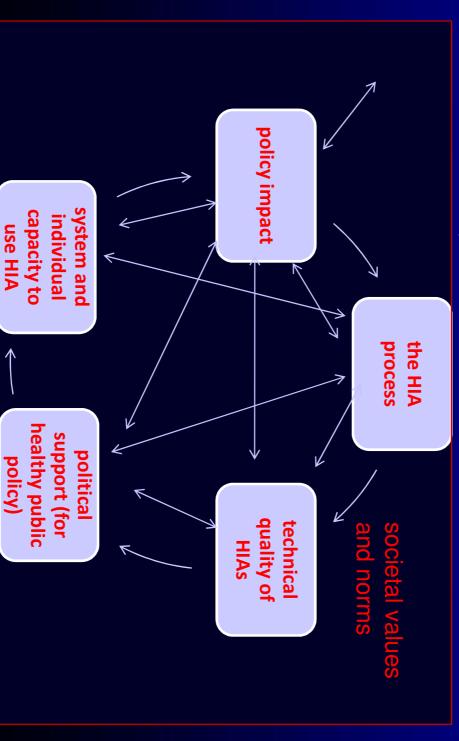
"If not institutionalized, HIAs will depend on proactive political analysing either implementation or institutionalization of HIA" circumstances cannot be expected everywhere...However, there is currently no established conceptual framework for leadership, administration and communities, but these (Wismar et al, 2006; p. 89)

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Some ideas about what happens in practice

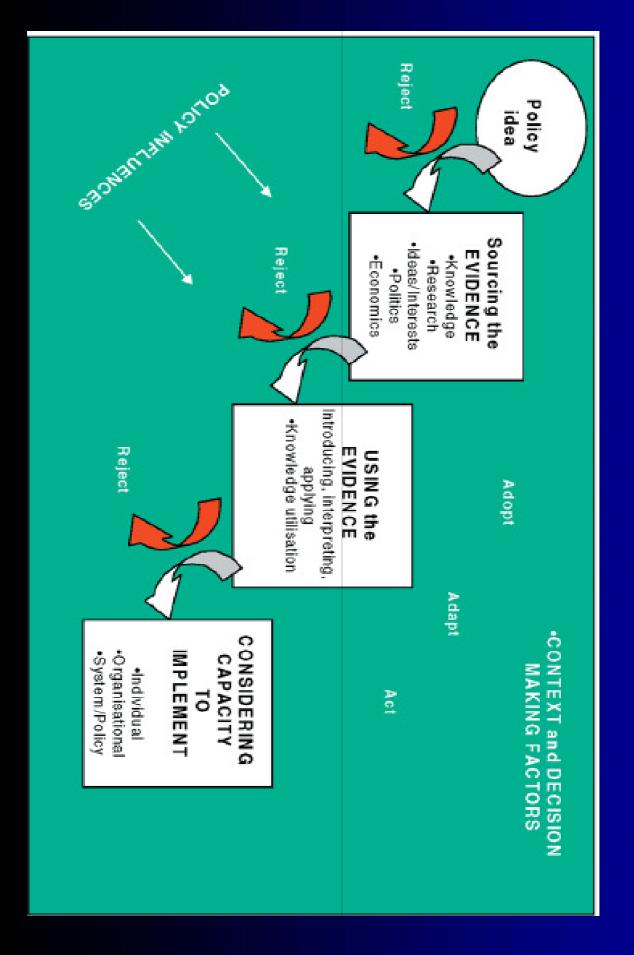
However, the success of these is subject to a feedback 'loop' (or 'mess'!!) HIA for public policy programs have been developed all over the world. of factors, some of which are shown here.



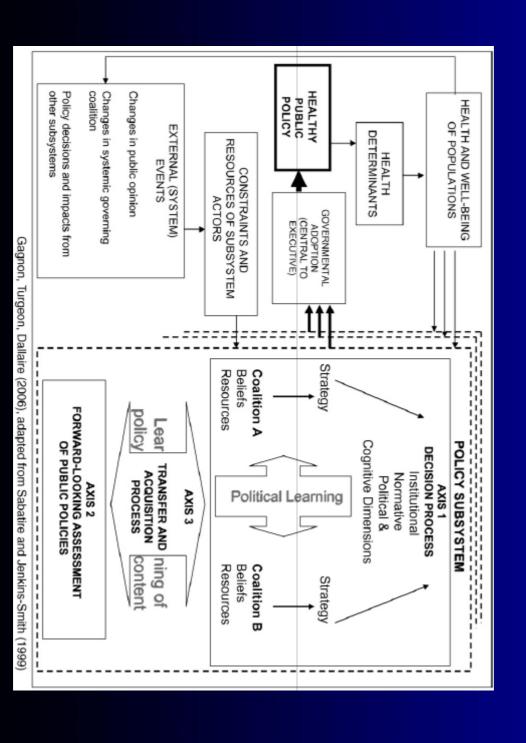
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Another way of looking at the mess (Bowen and Zwi, 2005)



public policy (Gagnon et al 2007) OR - Advocacy coalition framework for healthy

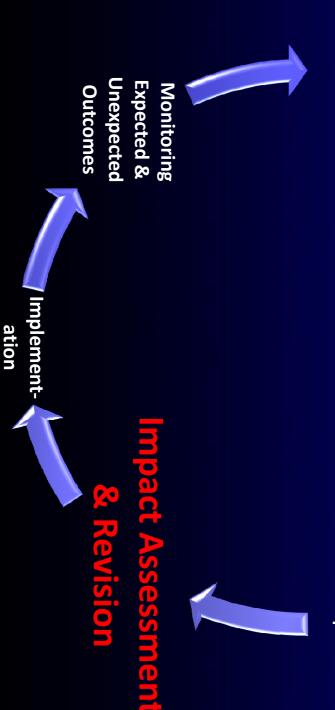


The traditional planning cycle



Evaluation & Follow-Up

Planning & Proposal Development

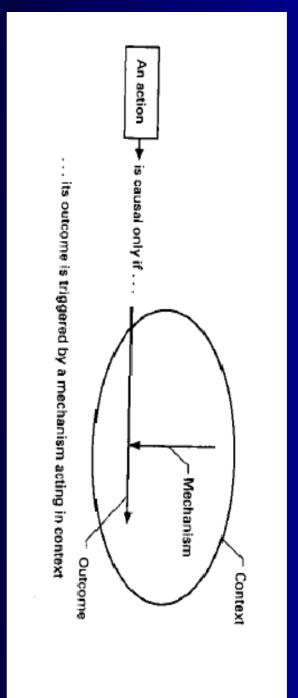


PHD approach

- Two phases
- documentary analysis, and theory interviews, other qualitative approaches, Phase one: develop a framework through
- framework in actual case studies Phase two: test and further refine the



The bare bones of the framework



This configuration is called:

- 'Context + mechanism = outcome'

(Pawson and Tilley, 1997)

-'Context + 'trigger' = achievement'

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